



RECOVERY: BUILD BACK BETTER

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HOW COVID-19 AFFECTS WORLD HEALTH AND ECONOMY

A global health catastrophe causing a death of almost than

881.000



from

27.000.000 Cases

by the first week of September 2020 (WHO, 2020)



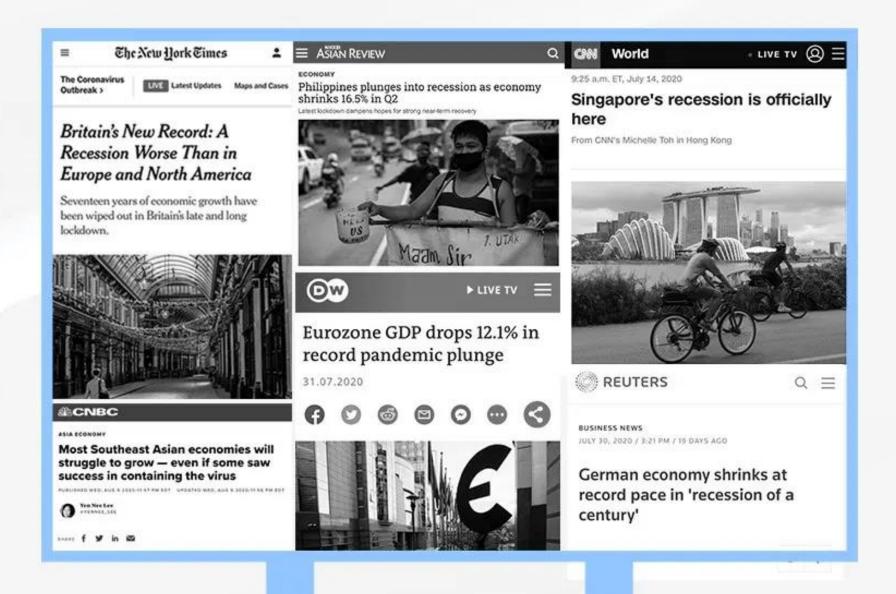
HEALTH



The global economy will shrink by

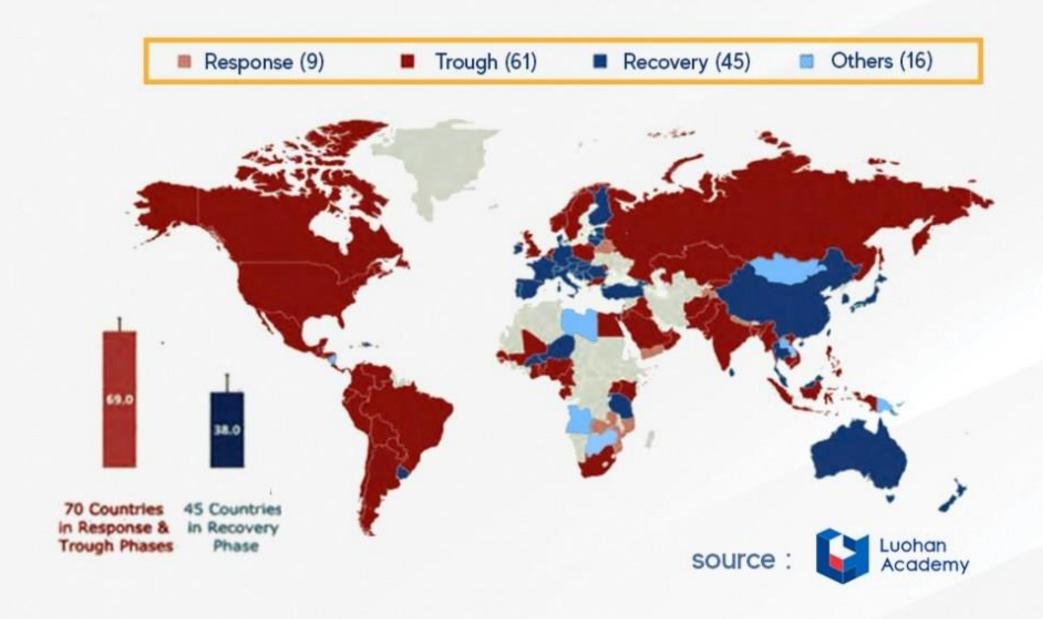
5.2%

(World Bank, 2020).



COVID-19 to plunge global economy into worst recession since World War II

DIFFERENT RESPONSE ACROSS COUNTRIES AND ITS IMPACT ON COVID-19 RECOVERY PHASE



Reaching the recovery from COVID-19 is considered to be very challenging as 70 countries are still dwelling in <u>response</u> & <u>trough</u> phase, including Indonesia.

HOW COVID-19 IMPACTS INDONESIA'S SDG TARGETS



Number of the poor increased by 1,63 million people in March 2020, compared to September 2019. (WHO,2019)



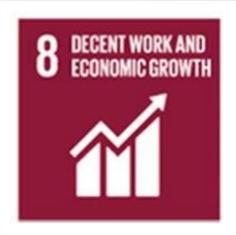
Indonesia remains the country with the highest number of COVID-19 confirmed cases (more than 135.000) and the highest death toll (6.000 deaths) in Southeast Asia as of August 2020.



Nearly three quarters of people in least developed countries lack basic handwashing facilities at home which become vulnerable to be exposed to disease, including COVID-19.



Oil price drops could lessen the government's commitment to encourage the transition to renewable energy



Economic activities suspended; lower income; less work time; increased unemployment for certain sectors and job types.



During quarantine, the change in transaction method of consumption of goods would drive up the generation of household waste. In Jakarta, the additional medical waste due to COVID-19 is predicted to be 212 metric tons per day.



Increased agricultural activity as an alternative livelihood during COVID-19 would promote forest conversion. This condition poses the risk of zoonotic diseases.

REFOCUSING SDG TARGETS IN THE RECOVERY AGENDA

Why is Sustainable Recovery needed?



"...sustainable recovery will enhance economic and environmental resilience, create jobs, and improve health and wellbeing in both rural and urban communities."



"....if sustainably designed, these improvements in health care and social protection can build resilience to future shocks, including natural disasters and the impacts of climate change."

HOW TO ADDRESS SUSTAINABILITY AGENDA IN ECONOMIC RECOVERY FROM COVID-19



Prioritizing Sustainable Sector

Sustainable agriculture to support food security issue and environmental risk

Social forestry and sustainable forest management

Promoting cleaner energy mix and energy efficiency

Promoting sustainable ocean economy

Refocusing on Project Infrastructure



Climate resilience infrastructure

ICT infrastructure for equitable education

Sustainable waste management

Public transportation

Employment Promotion



Incentive for businesses to absorb employment

Supporting employee skill transition to potential recovery sectors

Enhancing nationwide job placement platforms

Multiplying the Benefit of Cash Transfer

In order to gain both environmental and social outcomes, we could put conditionality on cash transfer, such as:

Sustainable practice of agriculture & fisheries

Better household waste management





Making Financing Stimulus Impactful

Adding condionality that supports SDGs' achievement into the loan support program :

Financing green sector

Reducing environmental risk of business operation

Empowering women and vulnerable people

Moving Towards Innovative Financing Instruments



Green bonds/sukuk
Social impact bonds
Impact investments
Sovereign wealth fund
Debt for climate swaps

Managing National and Local Budget Sustainably



Optimizing tax revenue from extractive resources

Spending better by reducing unnessecary subsidy and improve spending efficiency

Strategic and Responsive Government for Effective Program Implementation



Improving database and promoting ICT for smart program delivery

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